## Year 13 LONG-TERM SEQUENCE for A Level Biology 2022 - 2023

**Bishop Milner** 



The curriculum for this stage of students' education has been designed to build upon students' prior knowledge from Year 12 A Level Biology. Covering how cells obtain energy and convert it into a useable form to power cellular processes. How nutrients are recycled between the living and non-living environment. How organisms respond to stimuli to enhance their survival chances, involving regulation of internal factors and withstanding external changes. How populations interact and pass on advantageous features to drive evolution by natural selection. How genetics influences the organism and how we can manipulate genes. Studying A-level Biology at university provides all sorts of exciting career options, including: Doctor, Clinical molecular geneticist, Nature conservation officer, Pharmacologist, Research scientist, Vet, Secondary school teacher, Marine biologist & Dentist.

HALF TERM 1: energy Transfer in & between organisms	HALF TERM 2: Organisms responding to changes in their	HALF TERM 3: Organisms responding to changes in their
STUDENTS MUST KNOW:	internal & external environments	internal & external environments
• How photosynthesis occurs by the light & dark	STUDENTS MUST KNOW:	STUDENTS MUST KNOW:
reactions	How organisms respond to stimuli	The action potential
How energy is released in cells by respiration	How plant growth factors work	• The structure & function of synapses
The structure & function of mitochondria	How a simple reflex action occurs	• The structure & function of skeletal muscle
The stages in aerobic respiration	Receptors in animals	How homeostasis uses feedback loops
The stages in anaerobic respiration	How heart rate is coordinated	Hormonal regulation of blood sugar levels
Comparison of aerobic & anaerobic respiration	Nervous communication	Diabetes and its control
<ul> <li>Food chains &amp; energy transfers</li> </ul>	How nerve impulses are initiated and carried by	The structure & function of the kidneys regulating
Productivity in habitats	neurons	water content in the body
Nutrient cycles		The role of hormones in osmoregulation
The use of natural & artificial fertilisers		
The environmental impact of using fertilisers		
	HOW THIS WILL BE ASSESSED: Progress test half way through each module	HOW THIS WILL BE ASSESSED:
HOW THIS WILL BE ASSESSED:	End of module tests.	Progress test half way through each module
Progress test half way through each module End of module tests.		End of module tests.
HALF TERM 4: Genetics, populations, evolution & ecosystems	HALF TERM 5: The control of gene expression	HALF TERM 6: Revision & in exams
STUDENTS MUST KNOW:	STUDENTS MUST KNOW:	STUDENTS MUST KNOW:
How mono & dihybrid inheritance works	The causes & effects of gene mutations	The full content from year 12 and 13 as outlined within the
Calculate probability in genetic crosses	Stem cells & totipotency	year 12 and 13 Long Term sequences.
Sex-linkage & autosomal linkage	How transcription is regulated	
Epistasis & Chi squared test	Genome projects, Gene expression & cancer	
<ul> <li>Population genetics &amp; Natural selection</li> </ul>	Recombinant DNA technology	HOW THIS WILL BE ASSESSED:
Effects of isolation on speciation	Gene cloning methods & locating genes	By terminal external examinations
<ul> <li>Variation &amp; competition affecting populations</li> </ul>	Genetic screening	
Conservation of habitats	Genetic finger printing	
HOW THIS WILL BE ASSESSED:	HOW THIS WILL BE ASSESSED:	
Progress test half way through each module	Progress test half way through each module	
End of module tests.	End of module tests.	



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